

Hypertension intracrânienne idiopathique: quand y penser?

Références complémentaires (online version)

- 1 Radhakrishnan K, Thacker AK, Bohlega JC, Gerryo SE. Epidemiology of idiopathic intracranial hypertension: a prospective and case-control study. *J Neurol Sci.* 1993;116(1):18–28.
- 2 Durcan FJ, Corbett JJ, Wall M. The incidence of pseudotumor cerebri. Population studies in Iowa and Louisiana. *Arch Neurol.* 1988;45(8):875–7.
- 3 Rowe FJ, Sarkies NJ. The relationship between obesity and idiopathic intracranial hypertension. *Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord.* 1999;23(1):54–9.
- 4 Chiu AM, Chuenkongkaew WL, Cornblath WT, Trobe JD, Digre KB, et al. Minocycline treatment and pseudotumor cerebri syndrome. *Am J Ophthalmol.* 1998;126(1):116–21.
- 5 Giles CL, Soble AR. Intracranial hypertension and tetracycline therapy. *Am J ophthalmol.* 1971;72(5):981–2.
- 6 Lee AG. Pseudotumor cerebri after treatment with tetracycline and isotretinoin for acne. *Cutis.* 1995;55(3):165–8.
- 7 Mochiuzuki K, Takahashi T, Kano M, Terajima K, Hori N. Pseudotumor cerebri induced by minocycline therapy for acne vulgaris. *Jpn J Ophthalmol.* 2002;46(6):668–72.
- 8 Morrice G. Papilledema and hypervitaminosis A. *JAMA.* 1970 24;213(8):1344.
- 9 Roytman M, Frumkin A, Bohn TG. Pseudotumor cerebri caused by isotretinoin. *Cutis.* 1988;42(5):399–400.
- 10 Dhungana S, Sharrack B, Woodroffe N. Idiopathic intracranial hypertension. *Acta Neurol Scand.* 2010;121(2):71–82.
- 11 Wall M, George D. Idiopathic intracranial hypertension: a prospective study of 50 patients. *Brain.* 1991;114:155–80.
- 12 Lin A, Foroozan R, Danesh-Meyer HV, De Salvo G, Savino, et al. Occurrence of cerebral venous sinus thrombosis in patients with presumed idiopathic intracranial hypertension. *Ophtalmology.* 2006;113(12):2281–4.
- 13 Liu GT, Kay MD, Bienfang DC, Schatz NJ. Pseudotumor cerebri associated with corticosteroid withdrawal in inflammatory bowel disease. *Am J Ophtalmol.* 1994;117(3):352–7.
- 14 Zadik Z, Barak Y, Stager D, Kaufman H, Levin S, et al. Pseudotumor cerebri in a boy with 11- β -hydroxylase deficiency – a possible relation to rapid steroid withdrawal. *Child Nerv Syst.* 1985;1(3):179–81.
- 15 Donnet A, Metellus P, Levrier O, Mekkaoui C, Fuentes S. Endovascular treatment of idiopathic intracranial hypertension: clinical and radiologic outcome of 10 consecutive patients. *Neurology.* 2008;70(8):641–7.
- 16 Higgins JN, Cousins C, Owler BK, Sarkies N, Pickard JD. Idiopathic intracranial hypertension: 12 cases treated by venous sinus stenting. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry.* 2003;74(12):1662–6.
- 17 Owler BK, Parker G, Halmagyi GM, Dunne VG, Grinnell V, et al. Pseudotumor cerebri syndrome: venous sinus obstruction and its treatment with stent placement. *J Neurosurg.* 2003;98(5):1045–55.
- 18 Rottembourg D, Labarthe F, Arsene S, Jonville-Béra AP, Maurage C, et al. Headache during mesalamine therapy: a case report of mesalamine-induced pseudotumor cerebri. *J Pediatr Gastroenterol Nutr.* 2011;33(3):337–8.
- 19 Rosa N, Giamundo A, Jura A, Iaccarino G, Romano A. Mesalazine-associated benign intracranial hypertension in a patient with ulcerative colitis. *Am J Ophtalmol.* 2003;136(1):212–3.
- 20 Falcini F, Taccetti G, Montanelli F, Tafi L, Volpi M. Benign intracranial hypertension during treatment with acetylsalicylic acid: presentation of 2 cases in children. *Pediatr Med Chir.* 1989;11(3):319–21.
- 21 Smith JL. Whence pseudotumor cerebri? *J Clin Neuroophthalmol.* 1985;5(1):55–6.
- 22 Friedman DI, Jacobson DM. Diagnostic criteria for idiopathic intracranial hypertension. *Neurology.* 2002;59:1492–5.